TREC Advisor

The agency exists to safeguard the public interest and protect consumers of real estate services. In accord with state and federal laws the agency oversees real estate brokerage, appraisal, inspection, home warranty, right-of-way services and timeshare interest providers. Through education, licensing and regulation, the agency ensures the availability of qualified and ethical service providers, thereby facilitating economic growth and opportunity across Texas.

INSIDE THIS ISSUE: January 2016 Education Changes (page 1) From the Chair (page 2) When Talking about “Value”, Choose Your Words Carefully (page 3) Updated Fillable Contract Forms Now Available (page 4) Monthly Accounting of Money Required New Rule effective (page 4) November Rule Actions (page 5-7) TREC Enforcement Actions (page 8) TOP Performer (page 8) TREC Staffing Update (page 8)

TREC Education Statutory and Rule Changes Effective January 1, 2016

January 1, 2016 is fast approaching and rules that were adopted at the August 17th and November 2nd Commission meetings relative to statutory changes brought about by SB 699 will soon go into effect. In addition, many of the exciting changes to the real estate education program brought about by the hard work and recommendations of the Education Standards Advisory Committee (ESAC) and education stakeholders will also be implemented in January.

TREC’s Qualifying and Non-elective CE providers have received several emails from the agency to keep them informed of upcoming changes that will affect them. In addition, a summary of the rules as proposed was posted under the “Hot Topics” section of the TREC Home Page. In addition, an email was recently sent to all Qualifying and Non-elective CE Providers which included a chart with a summary of many of the education changes that have been adopted regarding Qualifying and CE course requirements and the dates by which new course requirements must be implemented. If you are a provider and did not receive the December 4th email, please contact us at education@trec.texas.gov.

Here are highlights of some of the changes that will become effective January 1, 2016. Please read and reference TREC’s rules for specific details.

- The designated broker of a business entity who does not sponsor agents will no longer be required to complete the broker responsibility course.
- Broker license applicants must have taken the qualifying real estate brokerage course not more than two years before applying for a broker license.
- Broker and sales agent exam candidates will have 3 attempts to pass the exam prior to the application expiration date. After 3 failed attempts the candidate will be unable to retest until an additional 30 hours of a qualifying course is completed for failing either the national or state part; and 60 hours of qualifying courses completed for an applicant who fails both parts of the examination.
- License holders who are under Sales Apprentice Education (SAE) during the first two years of the license are required to have 270 total hours of qualifying courses and complete the non-elective courses prior to renewal.
- New sales agents may now go online and use the RMT (Relationship Management Tool) to secure their first sponsoring broker.
- Instructors who are approved to teach Qualifying and CE Non-Elective courses will be required to attend an 8-hour adult education instructor training course before filing an application or seeking re-approval. Instructors who show proof of current CREI, DREI, or CDEI designations or who have completed the ITI program within 4 years prior to approval or re-approval will satisfy the requirement.
- The exam passage rate for a Qualifying education provider will now be determined based on where the student took the majority of their course hours instead of the provider of the last course they completed.
- A license holder may earn up to 4 hours of CE for attending a February meeting of the Commission once during each renewal period.
From the Chair...

The Commission held its regular quarterly meeting on November 2nd to consider and adopt rules, hear disciplinary matters and approve payments from the Recovery Fund. We also received reports from all of our advisory committees and from the Executive Director and agency staff. I continue to be very impressed with the professionalism of everyone involved in supporting the Commission and our work.

The last of the rules and forms needed to implement the changes required by SB 699 were considered and adopted. Starting on January 1, license holders will receive additional education in promulgated contracts and their proper use as 18 hours of continuing education will become the minimum required to renew an active license. Many education instructors will be better prepared as they are required to have at least 8 hours of adult education training before presenting certain key qualifying and continuing education courses. Education providers will also need to meet some higher standards for course goals and presentation, student assistance and learning evaluation. Many of these course related changes will be phased in over the next 12-15 months to assure the quality of implementation.

Updated contracts as proposed by the Broker Lawyer Committee were approved for use beginning next year. As always, these changes were fully vetted to determine whether they are needed, helpful and balanced. License holders may begin to use them at any time, but are required to use the new contracts starting January 1, 2016. A new Consumer Protection Notice was approved – combining two notices currently required to be communicated to clients - and also the updated Information About Brokerage Services form will be required for mandatory use by February 1, 2016. We are especially proud that our Broker Responsibility working group has rewritten this required notice to make it easier for the average person to actually understand it, and to provide appropriate broker contact information for the client.

We executed an updated Memorandum of Understanding with the Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University, expanding our cooperative relationship into several new areas of education and research.

So 2016 promises to be a great year as we continue to advance our mission of making the Commission the premier Texas agency known for its consumer education and protection functions, collaboration with the professional association of its license holders, and the intense research and acceptance of diverse input to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness that result in good public policy operations.

Merry Christmas and Happy Holidays to all of our license holders and policy partners! We hope that this special season of joy is filled with family and fun!
When Talking about “Value”, Choose Your Words Carefully

“What do you think this property is worth?” All of us who are in the real estate profession have been asked this question hundreds of times. You try to answer it for a customer or client each time you do a Comparative Market Analysis (CMA) or a Broker Price Opinion (BPO). As a license holder, you are allowed to perform this task in the name of the broker as a distinct service and for a separate fee. This is a very particular skill you can learn to do competently. But when you do so, be careful to ensure you stay clearly within your area of expertise – and do not exaggerate the skill you’ve developed. Real estate brokers and sales agents do not offer “opinions of value” – that area of expertise requires an appraiser license in Texas. So there is no such thing as a “broker opinion of value” (BOV) in Texas!

Real estate professionals should avoid using the term “value” without an appropriate prior qualifier that makes it very clear to your audience that you are not offering “an opinion of value”; that is the legal definition of an appraisal.

Now before you get upset about this, realize that clearly establishing your area of expertise is one of the requirements of your professional license. Your license allows you to perform many skilled tasks associated with real property analysis, marketing, sale and transfer, but it also requires you to perform these tasks competently, that is, with a minimum level of expertise. And to refrain from engaging in activities – even those permitted by your license – if you have not developed that expertise. For example, you would never attempt to complete a 1031 Exchange without acquiring the knowledge and skill to do so competently. And your license also does not allow you to trespass into other real estate transaction-related tasks which require separate and distinct licenses. You already know and accept this.

Competence and Licensing

You may be a great contract negotiator, but you know you cannot write substantive provisions into a client’s contract unless you have a law license. You may be a very skilled closing or escrow counselor, but you cannot perform certain escrow or closing tasks without an escrow agent or law license. You may be highly accomplished at estimating mortgage qualifications for customers or clients, but you cannot underwrite and originate a loan without a mortgage loan originator license. Similarly, you may have tremendous skills in estimating the likely sale price of a home, and even more so in the marketing strategy of recommending a listing price based on that analysis, but that is clearly not the same as the detailed process used to establish a “market value” for purposes of collateralizing a mortgage loan. Establishing a “market value” requires adherence to the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP). And in Texas – like in most states – performing that task requires an appraiser license.

As you are likely aware, as a license holder you are allowed to create a CMA or a BPO relating to the estimated price of real property as part of the ordinary course of business if the analysis, opinion or conclusion is related to the actual or potential management, acquisition, disposition or encumbrance of an interest in real property. Most importantly, the CMA or BPO cannot be referred to as an appraisal, and you are required to use a disclaimer that specifically informs the user or reader that this is not an appraisal and was not developed following the guidelines in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP). See Tx Occup Code Sec. 1101.102(1)(A)(xi) and Title 22 TAC Sec. 535.17.

Continued on Page 2 of the TALCB Bulletin
Updated Fillable Contract Forms Now Available

Good news: The new contract forms are available for download from the TREC website! Updates were adopted at the Commission’s meeting on November 2nd. Use of these new approved forms will become mandatory starting January 1, 2016, but may be used voluntarily before that date. More good news: these new contracts are now available as convenient fillable PDF forms!

Texas real estate license holders are required to use the contract forms promulgated by TREC when negotiating for the purchase or sale of real property in Texas. Consumers and others may use the forms as well. The forms are drafted by the Texas Real Estate Broker-Lawyer Committee, a 13-member advisory body to the Commission. The Broker-Lawyer Committee revised the contract forms to align with the new TILA-RESPA Disclosure rules from the federal Consumer Finance Protection Bureau (CFPB), which became effective October 3, 2015; and with changes enacted by the 84th Texas Legislature in HB 1665, SB 1367, and SB 1168, which became effective September 1, 2015. Additional updates to the contracts were made to address other important issues that have arisen since the last contract revisions or due to recent court cases.

Monthly Accounting of Money Required
New Rule effective January 1, 2016

Effective January 1, 2016, Commission Rule 535.146(c)(6) requires all brokers to provide accountings, at least monthly, to each beneficiary of trust money being held by the broker. Any time a broker is holding money in trust and there is any activity in the trust account, the broker is now required to provide an accounting for that money at least monthly.

For a broker managing property, it is not enough to just send the money to the owner. You are now required to provide a written accounting along with the money. If you have been doing this, great! If not, you need to start doing this to comply with the new rule. Remember to keep a documentary record as evidence of your compliance with this rule.

TREC HOLIDAY HOURS ANNOUNCED

The Agency’s offices will be closed on:
December 24 and 25 for the Christmas Holiday
December 31 and 1 for New Year’s Holiday
Our office hours are Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 5:00 pm and the call center is available from 7:00 am to 6:00 pm.

Happy Holidays!
Adopted Rules
The following is a summary of amendments to TREC Rules adopted at the November 2, 2015 meeting of the Commission. Effective dates vary and are noted by chapter or rule. You can see the full text of the rules at the Recently Adopted Rules section of our website.

Significant New TREC rules effective January 1, 2016

Chapter 533, Practice and Procedure. This chapter was updated to comply with changes made to the APA and delegates decisions on Motions for Rehearing to the Commission's Enforcement Committee.

§535.1, Definitions. The definition of business entity was clarified, and definitions were added for trade association, Commission and Executive Director (formerly known as the Administrator).

§535.32, Attorneys in Fact. Use of power of attorney to represent another in a real estate transaction without being licensed was limited to 3 transactions per calendar year.

Chapter 535, Subchapter E, Requirements for Licensure. Revisions implemented new statutory education and examination requirements, including that an applicant for a broker's license must have completed the 30 hour qualifying Real Estate Brokerage course within two years of the application date and an applicant who fails the licensing examination three consecutive times must complete additional education before retaking the examination. Amendments also extended expedited license processing to active military service members and veterans and waived certain license and application fees, and decreased the waiting period after disciplinary action has been completed for good standing qualification.

Chapter 535, Subchapters F & G, Requirements for Education Providers, Courses and Instructors for Qualifying and Continuing Education. The revisions aligned the rules with statutory changes and clarified and improved performance and delivery standards for real estate and inspector education providers, courses and instructors. Significant changes include: All non-classroom courses are now classified as distance education and correspondence courses no longer have to be associated with an accredited college or university; an approved instructor is required to be available to timely answer students’ questions and for providing answers and rationale for the grading of the written course work; final course examinations for all delivery methods for qualifying and for distance education for CE must be proctored; a license holder cannot turn a course completion certificate into the Commission until at least twice the number of hours for which course credit is given has elapsed since the student registered for the course for qualifying courses and until the number of hours for which course credit is given has elapsed for CE; the formula for satisfying exam passage rate benchmarks for providers was revised; and rules regarding provider and course advertising were strengthened for better consumer protection.

§535.91, Renewal of a Real Estate License. In order to renew following a sales agent's initial licensing period, the sales agent must complete an additional 90 classroom hours of qualifying courses and 8 hours of Legal Update I and II. An active duty military service member is permitted two additional years to renew a license.

§535.92, Continuing Education Requirements. License holders are required to take 18 hours of continuing education each license period, 8 of which must be the new Legal Update I and II courses promulgated by TREC. Designated brokers of entities that do not sponsor agents will no longer be required to take the Broker Responsibility course and up to 4 elective CE hours can be received each license period for attendance at a February Commission meeting.

§535.146, Maintaining Trust Money. A broker must provide an accounting to each beneficiary of trust money at least monthly, if there has been any activity in the account for that beneficiary.

§535.148, Receiving an Undisclosed Commission or Rebate. The Disclosure of Relationship with Residential Service Company form that is adopted by reference was revised.

Significant New TREC rules effective February 1, 2016

§531.18, Consumer Information (Brokers and Agents), §535.220, Professional Conduct and Ethics (Inspectors), and §535.401, Required Notices (ERW). A new mandatory Consumer Protection Notice was adopted and must be displayed by each TREC license holder in their offices and through a link on the homepage of each license holder's website.

§531.20, Information About Brokerage Services. A new mandatory Information About Brokerage Services form was adopted. It updates and clarifies the information provided to the public and requires that brokerage and agent contact information be provided. The IABS must still be given to a customer at the first substantive dialogue. Additionally, the license holder's website must
Rule Actions of the Commission Continued...

have a link to the IABS on the homepage. 

Chapter 537, Professional Agreements and Standard Contracts. The following revised contracts are effective for mandatory use 1/1/16. 

§537.20, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 9-11 (Unimproved Property Contract) 

§537.28, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 20-12 (One to Four Family Residential Contract (Resale)) 

§537.30, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 23-13 (New Home Contract (Incomplete Construction)) 

§537.31, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 24-13 (New Home Contract (Complete Construction)) 

§537.32, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 25-10 (Farm and Ranch Contract) 

§537.33, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 26-6 (Seller Financing Addendum) 

§537.37, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 30-11 (Residential Condominium Contract (Resale)) 

§537.39, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 32-3 (Condominium Resale Certificate) 

§537.45, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 38-4 (Notice of Buyer's Termination of Contract) 

§537.46, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 39-7 (Amendment to Contract) 

§537.47, Standard Contract Form TREC No. 40-6 (Third Party Financing Addendum for Credit Approval) 

Contract Changes Highlights
The noted changes apply to all contract forms unless specified otherwise. Para-graph numbers referenced are from the One to Four Family Residential Contract (Resale).

Paragraph 3, Sales Price, now references all of the financing addenda previ-ously contained in paragraph 4 of the old versions.

The Third Party Financing Addendum is completely rewritten and addresses both credit approval and property approval by the lender. Reverse mortgage loans are also addressed in this addendum, so form OP-N, Reverse Mortgage Financing Addendum is repealed. Credit Approval was renamed Buyer Approval. The Authorization to Release Information was expanded to include title com-panies and escrow agents for closing disclosure.

A new paragraph 4 is added regarding license holder disclosure. This para-graph is where a license holder will disclose that he or she is a party to the transaction or related to a party that requires disclosure under the law.

A new paragraph 6E(10), Title Notices, Notice of Water Fluctuations, is added to add new statutory notice requirement regarding the fluctuation of the level of certain impoundments of water that adjoin a property. Paragraph 7A, Property Condition, Access, Inspections and Utilities, is amended to add a provision that hydrostatic testing must be authorized in writing by the seller.

Paragraph 9B(5), Closing, is amended to conform the language with a statu­try change to the property code, noting that the buyer has to acknowledge to a tenant that the buyer has acquired the property and is responsible for the return of the security deposit.

Paragraph 14, Casualty Loss, is amended to make it clear that an insurance company must permit insurance proceeds to be assigned to the buyer before the buyer can use this option after a casualty.

Paragraph 18D, Escrow Damages, is amended to take out the treble damages provision based on recent case law.

Paragraph 23, Termination Option is amended to require a 5 p.m. local time deadline for delivery of all notices under the paragraph.

License numbers are added to the Broker Information Section to facilitate compliance with the TILA-RESPA Integrated Disclosure Rule, and the order of the Associate and the Associate's Supervisor were reversed.

Paragraph 13, Prorations and Rollback Taxes, in the Farm and Ranch and Unimproved Property Contract forms, is amended to provide that assessments imposed due to the seller's use or change in use of the property are the seller's responsibility.

A new Paragraph 2D to the Condominium Contract Form is added to address situations where the condominium documents reveal the existence of a right of first refusal after the parties enter into a contract.

The Condominium Resale Certificate is amended to conform to new statutory disclosure requirements.

The Seller's Disclosure of Property Condition (OP-H) is amended to conform to a new statutory requirement.

The Amendment form and Seller Financing Addendum were revised to be consistent with changes to the contract forms and Thirty Party Financing Addendum.

Proposed Rules
The following amendments or new rules were proposed at the November 2, 2015, meeting of the Commission and are up for adoption at the February 8, 2016 meeting. You can see the full text of these rules on the “Proposed Rules” section of the TREC Website. Written comments on the proposed rules can be sent to general.counsel@trec.texas.gov and must be received prior to 5 p.m. December 23, 2015 to be considered by the appropriate advisory committee and included in the
materials for the February meeting. After that date, comments will need to be made in person at the meeting.

§535.210. Fees (regarding inspectors). The proposed amendments align the rule with statutory changes to Chapter 1101, Texas Occupations Code, adopted by the 84th Legislature, and rule changes to the education course delivery standards. A charge for providing certified copies of documents was also added.

New/Revised Forms
The following new or revised forms were adopted and are effective for immediate use, unless otherwise noted:

Confidentiality Agreement
This is a new form to enable TREC to maintain the confidentiality of investigation files made confidential by statute in SB 699 beginning January 1, 2106.

Real Estate Course Application (previously ED CA-3, now QE CA-0)
Inspector Course Application (previously INS ED CA-1, now QE ICA-0)
Real Estate Continuing Education (CE) Course Application (previously MCE CA-2, now CE CA-3)
Inspector Continuing Education (CE) Course Application (previously ICE CA-1, now ICE CA-2)
Course Application Supplement (previously CE CAS-3, now CE CAS-4)
Forms b. thru f. are revised to comply with statutory changes in SB 699, adopted by the 84th Legislature, and incorporates new terminology and a method of calculation for the reduction of course application fees allowing for the submission of multiple delivery methods on one application form.

Education Provider Application (previously ED PAPS-1, now QE PA-0)
Provider Application (CE PA-0)
Forms g. and h. are updated to incorporate new terminology and revised so that separate instruction forms are no longer needed.

Instructor Application for Real Estate Qualifying and Non-Elective CE Courses (previously ED INE-1, now QE REI-0)
Instructor Application for Inspector Qualifying and Non Elective CE Courses (previously INS ED INE-0, now QE II-0)
Forms i. and j. are revised to update terminology and include the requirement that instructors complete an adult education instructor training course within four years of the date of the application or hold a current Commission approved instructor designation.

Qualifying Instructor Guidelines
This form will be used internally and provides guidance for the review of the qualifications and experience of instructor applicants.

Principle Application Form (previously CE ICE PIF-0/ED PA-0, now PAF-0)
Current forms for CE and qualifying providers were combined to create one form, eliminating the need for two forms.

Distance Education Reporting Form (previously MCE AIMRF-1, now DERF-0)
Current form is updated and renamed to incorporate new terminology adopted by the Commission and to require that course completion information be provided by electronic means acceptable to the Commission.

Course Acceptance Application (previously ED-CAA-1, now QE CAA-0)
Current form is updated and renamed and incorporates new terminology adopted by the Commission. This form allows colleges and universities to submit their qualifying courses for review and acceptance.

Qualifying Real Estate Course Approval Form for Real Estate Brokerage (REB-0)(New)
New form created for qualifying providers to request approval to offer the Real Estate Brokerage course which now requires specific topics and timelines.

Appliances (previously PIEC-APP-1, now APPL-0)
Building Enclosures (previously PIEAC-BLD ENC-2, now BLDG-0)

Electrical Systems (previously PIEAC-BLD ENC-2, now ELEC-0)
Foundations (previously PIEAC-FOUN-1, now FOUND-0)
Framing (previously PIEAC-FRM-1, now FRAM-0)
HVAC (previously PIEAC-HVAC-2, now HVAC-0)
Other Approved Courses (previously PIEAC-OAC-1, now OAC-0)
Plumbing (previously PIEAC-PLMB-2, now PLMB-0)
Roof Systems (previously PIEAC-RS-2, now ROOF-0)
Standard Report Form Report Writing (previously PIEAC-STD REPORT FORM REPORT WRITING-1, now SRFRW-0)

Texas Standards of Practice/Legal/Ethics Update (previously PIEAC-SP-LEU-2, now SOP LEU-0)
Forms p. thru z. were Professional Inspector Education Alternative Course Approval Forms. The forms are renamed Inspector Course Approval Forms, the form numbers are simplified and each form is revised to remove the specific number of credit hours that were previously assigned to each course. This will allow education providers more flexibility in using these forms to request course approval.

Texas Standards of Practice (TSOP-0) (New)
Texas Legal/Ethics (LGLETH-0) (New)
Forms aa. and bb. were created because there was no course approval form to request approval to offer these two courses and forms are needed for this purpose.
Tips for Requesting Sponsorship

A broker, who is also the designated officer of a Business Entity, will have two license numbers; the individual broker’s license and the business entity broker’s license.

Sales Agent’s requesting the sponsorship through the Relationship Management Tool (RMT) should verify the correct license number for their sponsoring broker PRIOR to submitting the online request. Once the fee is paid, the fee is non-refundable or transferrable.

Once the request and payment are submitted, an email will be sent to the broker. The sponsorship will be in effect when the broker accepts the sponsorship request.

TREC Enforcement Actions

The Texas Real Estate Commission has published enforcement actions. To read the full report and get access to all of the enforcement actions taken by the Commission, please go to the TREC website and click on, “Complaints, Consumer Info” and then click “Disciplinary Actions”.

Agency TOP Performer

Ashley Fletcher  
Education and Licensing Services

Ashley routinely goes above and beyond her duties, training new team members, taking on new responsibilities, and looking for ways to make her division more effective and efficient. Her positive attitude and persistent smile bring joy to those around her. The Commission recently noted a large reduction in the week-to-week volume of pending license applications, and Ashley’s efforts were cited as one key reason. Thanks Ashley for your contribution to your team and to our agency’s success.
### TREC Employee Update

**Nakita Cummings**  
*TREC Standards and Enforcement Services*

Nikita Cummings joined TREC’s Standards and Enforcement Services Division as a Program Specialist on October 19th, 2015. She has worked in the Case Management field for over five years and has been employed with The State of Texas for almost five years. Nikita earned a Bachelor’s Degree in Social Work from Southern University at New Orleans. Nikita’s very excited to be a part of TREC and has gained a great deal of knowledge in her position.

**Stephen Germenis**  
*Staff and Support Services*

Steve grew up in Annapolis, Maryland, New Orleans, Louisiana, and attended high school in Houston Texas. Steve joined the Marine Corps after high school where he worked as a water survival instructor. After the Corps, he attended and graduated from Southwest Texas State with a degree in Accounting. While going to school he met and married Leslie and had 3 children. He has worked for several agencies as an accountant and budget and operations analyst. Steve retired from State service in June of 2015, and returned 4 months later. Outside of work, Steve spends time with his 5 grandchildren and enjoys RVing, hunting, fishing, and spending time with family and friends.

**Matthew Powers**  
*Reception and Communication Services*

Mr. Powers began his employment with TREC on November 9th and is originally from San Antonio. He was previously employed by the State Preservation Board as the Group Sales Coordinator, and then with Development and Membership at the Bullock Texas State History Museum. He studied Aviation Science at Utah Valley State University, and served in the US Marine Corps 4th Recon at Ft. Sam Houston Naval Marine Corps Detachment. He is also licensed with the Texas Department of Insurance and is extremely excited to work for the agency.

**Alex Muthukatil**  
*Information and Technology Services*

Alex is originally from Houston and joined TREC as the Systems and Network Administrator on November 9th 2015. He has worked as an IT consultant in the private sector for over 5 years with a focus on virtualization, security, and remote management technologies. He originally studied Biology at the University of Houston and worked in the medical field as a Perfusionist, until deciding to pursue his passion for technology full time. In his free time he likes to read books, write short stories, play video games, piano, and mountain bike.